

VOL. 8.

THE TRI-WEEKLY COMMONWEALTH  
WILL BE PUBLISHED EVERY MONDAY, WEDNESDAY, AND FRIDAY,  
By A. G. HODGES,  
At THREE DOLLARS PER ANNUM, payable in advance.

THE WEEKLY COMMONWEALTH, a large mammoth sheet is published every Tuesday morning at TWO DOLLARS PER ANNUM, in advance.  
Our terms for advertising, either in the Tri-Weekly or Weekly Commonwealth, will be as liberal as in any of the newspapers published in the west.  
If all letters upon business should be post-paid to insure attention.

LAW BOOKS AND BLANKS,  
FOR SALE  
AT COMMONWEALTH OFFICE.

BOOKS.  
MONROE & HARLAN'S DIGEST OF THE DECISIONS OF THE COURT OF APPEALS, 2 vols. Price, \$12.00.  
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BLANKS,  
FOR COUNTY COURT JUDGES of all kinds. Price—60 cts per quire.  
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BLANK CHECKS, on Branch Bank of Kentucky, a Frankfort, and Farmers' Bank of Kentucky. Price—\$1 per quire.  
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Orders from a distance for any of the above named Books or Blanks will be promptly attended to when accompanied by the Cash; and if desired to be forwarded by mail, the postage will be pre-paid upon the condition that it be refunded by the person ordering the article to be sent by mail.

HORD & METCALFE,  
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,  
FRANKFORT KY.  
YANDER HORD and JAR. P. METCALFE,  
have formed a partnership for the practice of law and the collection of claims. All business entrusted to them will receive prompt attention.  
Office on the corner of Judge Hord, on St. Clair street.  
April 25, 1858.

LAW CARD.  
J. S. SELLER. J. TEVIS.  
SINRALL & TEVIS.  
Counsellors and Attorneys at Law,  
LOUISVILLE, KY.  
Office on Jefferson Street, opposite Court House.  
April 23, 1858—ly.  
FRANKLIN GORIN. A. M. GAZLAY.  
GORIN & GAZLAY,  
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law,  
LOUISVILLE, KY.

REFERENCES.  
Messrs. JAS. TRAVIS & Co.; GARVIN, BELL & Co.; McNEELY, YOUNG & Co.; HODGES & HUTCHISON; LOW & WHITNEY; JAS. E. BROWN, Esq.; HAYS, CRAIG & Co.; CARTER, HORN & Taylor; WILSON, STANBARD & SMITH; CARRISBY & HOPKINS; CORD & WHITE; ABRAHAM & RAYLEY; CORD & Co.  
[Aug. 17, 1857—ly.]

JOHN FLOURNOY,  
Attorney at Law, Notary Public,  
DEVOTES HIMSELF TO THE  
COMMERCIAL & ADMIRALTY PRACTICE,  
ST. LOUIS, MO.  
COLLECTIONS in all parts of Missouri and Illinois attended to, prompt remittances made, correspondence solicited, and information cheerfully given.  
REFERS, BY PERMISSION, TO  
THEOP. PARSONS, L. L. D., Professor of Law, Cambridge, Mass.  
REYNOLD & BROTHER, Merchants, St. Louis.  
CROW, McCREERY & Co., Merchants, St. Louis.  
Hon. Jno. F. RYLAND, Judge Supreme Court of Mo.  
HAYWOOD, CROW & Co., Merchants, Cincinnati, Ohio.  
Sept. 9, 1857—ly.

FRANK BEDFORD,  
Attorney at Law,  
VERSAILLES, KENTUCKY.  
Dec. 1, 1856—ly.

ROBT J. BRECKINRIDGE,  
Attorney and Counselor at Law,  
LEXINGTON, KY.  
OFFICE on Short Street between Limestone and Upper Streets.  
[May 23, 1856—ly.]

THOMAS A. MARSHALL  
Having removed to Frankfort and resumed the practice of Law, will attend punctually to such cases as may be entrusted to him in the Courts of Appeals of Kentucky, and to such engagements as he may make in other Courts conveniently accessible. He will also give opinions and advice in writing, upon cases stated in writing, or on records presented to him. He will promptly attend to all communications relating to the business above described, and may at all times, except when absent on business, be found in Frankfort.  
March 30, 1857—ly.

JOHN W. FINNELL  
WALL & FINNELL,  
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,  
COVINGTON, KY.  
OFFICE, THIRD STREET, OPPOSITE SOUTH END CITY HALL W. & F. practice in the Courts of Kentucky, Campbell Grant, Boone, and Nicholas, and the Court of Appeals at Frankfort.  
May 5, 1858—ly.

M. D. & W. H. M'HENRY,  
ATTORNEYS AND LAND AGENTS,  
DES MOINES, IOWA.  
PROPOSE to practice in the various Courts of Polk county, and in the Supreme Court of Iowa, and the United States District Court.  
They have also established a General Agency for the transaction of all manner of business connected with Land Titles.  
They will enter Lands, investigate Titles, buy and sell Lands, and invest money on the best terms and on the best securities.  
They will enter Lands in Kansas and Nebraska Territories, if an amount sufficient to justify a visit to that country is offered.  
The Senior partner having been engaged extensively in the business of the law in the Courts of Kentucky for nearly thirty years, and the Junior having been engaged in the Land Business in Iowa for eight years past, during which time he has made actual survey of a large portion of Polk and adjoining counties, they feel confident they will be able to render a satisfactory account of all business entrusted to them.  
They will enter Land with Land Warrants or Money, upon actual inspection of the premises, and will buy and sell Lands on Commission, upon a careful investigation of Titles. Persons wishing to settle in the State can find desirable farms and city property for sale, by calling on them at their office in Sherman's Building, corner of Third street and Court Avenue, Des Moines, Iowa.  
March 11, 1857—ly.

T. N. LINDSEY,  
ATTORNEY AT LAW,  
Frankfort, Ky.  
WILL practice Law in all the Courts held in Frankfort and the adjoining counties. His Office is on St. Clair street, next door to Gen. Peter Dudley's residence.  
Feb. 29, 1858, 731—ly.

JOHN RODMAN,  
ATTORNEY AT LAW,  
Frankfort, Ky.  
Office on St. Clair Street, next door to Morse's Telegraph Office.  
WILL practice in all the Courts held in Frankfort, and in Chatham, Henry, Trimble and Owen counties.  
Oct. 29, 1857.

GEORGE W. CRADDOCK,  
ATTORNEY AT LAW,  
FRANKFORT, KY.  
OFFICE removed to East side of St. Clair street, over the Telegraph Office. Will practice Law in all the Courts held in Frankfort, and adjoining counties.  
Dec. 7, 1856—ly.

To Road Contractors.  
SEALED PROPOSALS to construct about ten miles of Turnpike Road, from Cynthiana to Leesburg, in Harrison county, Kentucky, in sections of one mile each, on and after 1st January, Saturday, the 26th of June next, at the office of the County Court Clerk, in Cynthiana, at which place plans and specifications may be seen.  
F. RITLEY, Pres. C. & L. Road Co.  
June 2, 1858—w3l—Cyn. Age.

MOREHEAD & BROWN,  
Partners in the  
PRACTICE OF LAW,  
Frankfort, Ky.  
WILL attend to all business confided to them in the Courts of Appeals, Federal Court, and other Courts held in Frankfort, and in sections of one mile each, on and after 1st January, Saturday, the 26th of June next, at the office of the County Court Clerk, in Cynthiana, at which place plans and specifications may be seen.  
F. RITLEY, Pres. C. & L. Road Co.  
June 2, 1858—w3l—Cyn. Age.

JOHN M. HARLAN,  
ATTORNEY AT LAW,  
FRANKFORT, KY.  
Office on St. Clair Street, with J. & W. L. Harlan.

S. D. MORRIS,  
Attorney and Counselor at Law,  
FRANKFORT, KY.  
WILL practice in all the Courts held in Frankfort, and in the adjoining counties. He will attend particularly to the collection of debts in any part of the State. All business confided to him will meet with prompt attention.  
Office on St. Clair street, in the new building next door to the Branch Bank of Kentucky, over G. W. Craddock's office.  
Feb. 20, 1857—w3wby.

J. H. KINKEAD,  
Attorney and Counselor at Law,  
GALLATIN, MISSOURI.  
WILL practice in the Circuit and other Courts of Missouri, and the Circuit Courts of the adjoining counties.  
Office on State Street in the Gallatin San Office.  
May 6, 1857—ly.

JOHN A. MONROE,  
ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW,  
FRANKFORT, KY.  
WILL practice Law in the Court of Appeals in the Franklin Circuit Court, and all other State Courts held in Frankfort, and will attend to the collection of Debts for non-residents in any part of the State.  
Always at home, every communication will have his prompt attention, and thus his clients kept always advised of their affairs. And having determined to have all his trials and arguments in the Court of Appeals printed, and copies furnished to his clients and counsel in the lower courts, all concerned will be fully informed how his duty has been performed.  
He will, as Commissioner of Deeds, take the acknowledgments of Deeds, and other writings to be recorded in other States; and as Commissioner of the act of Congress, attend to the taking of depositions, affidavits, &c.  
Office, "Old Bank," opposite the Mansion House, Frankfort, Nov. 19, 1856—ly.

B. & J. MONROE,  
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,  
FRANKFORT, KY.  
JAMES MONROE will attend to the collection of claims in central Kentucky; also, to the investigation of titles to land in Kentucky, on behalf of non-residents and others.  
[April 9, 1856—ly.]

BOOK BINDING.  
A. C. Keenon informs his friends and former customers that having regulated his health, he has purchased back from G. Hodges the Bindery sold to him in November last, and will give his whole attention to the management. He respectfully solicits a continuance of the patronage heretofore extended to the establishment.  
BOOKS ruled to any pattern, and of the very best quality of paper.  
If BLANK BOOKS of every description, manufactured at short notice, to order, on reasonable terms.  
Bindery at the old stand, over Harlan's Law Office.  
Frankfort, July 31, 1847—772—ly.

MORTON & GRISWOLD,  
Booksellers, Stationers, Binders, and Book and Job Printers, Main street, Louisville, Ky.  
HAVE constantly on hand a complete assortment of Law, Medical, Theological, Classical, School, and Miscellaneous Books, at low prices. Paper of every description, quality, and price.  
Colleges, Schools, and Private Libraries supplied with small tracts on request. Wholesale or Retail.  
April 1, 1845—651—ly.

Fresh Bread and Rusk every Morning.  
Having secured the services of the Baker who has celebrated French Rolls, &c., have given such universal satisfaction to the citizens of Frankfort, for the last two months, we will keep a supply constantly on hand. Persons desirous of obtaining it can get it fresh every morning by calling at our establishment on Main street.  
June 21, 1858. GRAY & TODD.

ELEGANT STOCK  
OF  
FALL & WINTER CLOTHING  
—AT—  
CHARLES B. GETZ'S,  
Corner of Main and St. Clair Sts.,  
Frankfort, Ky.

(CITIZENS OF FRANKFORT AND VICINITY WILL find at my establishment, the most desirable selection of Men and Boys' fashionable Clothing and Furnishing Goods,  
SHIRTS, HOSIERY, UNDERWEAR, GLOVES, CRAVATS, UMBRELLAS, &c. &c., Ever exhibited in this city.  
My Goods have been selected with great care, and at prices which will enable me to sell as cheap, or cheaper than any other house in the city.  
My stock of BOYS' CLOTHING was never so excellent, and I invite the special attention of parents to this department.  
An examination of my stock is respectfully solicited, as I am confident that any one in want of Dress Coats, Pants, Overcoats, Vests, Shirts, Drawers, and every kind of wearing apparel, cannot fail of finding the article to suit among my stock.  
CHARLES B. GETZ,  
Corner Main & St. Clair Sts., Frankfort.  
Oct. 10, 1857—ly.

Notice! Notice!  
AFTER FIRST JANUARY WE WILL CONSIDER all accounts payable and due on FIRST MAY, SEPTEMBER, and JANUARY, (4 months credit) if not paid when due we shall charge interest from that time. Our old and punctual customers will please bear this in mind, for the ensuing year we will open no new accounts, and will only keep accounts with those who pay us promptly.  
GRAY & TODD.  
Dec. 30, 1857—ly.

DENTAL SURGERY,  
BY E. G. HAMBLETON, M. D.  
[Illustration of a dental chair and equipment]  
[Supernatural] Teeth will be extracted by a safe and painless process, both of Surgery and Medicine. Disabling the only safe guide to uniform success. From this he is enabled to operate with far less pain to the patient, void of danger. All work warranted; the workmanship will show for itself. Calls will be thankfully received.  
Office, at his residence on Main street.  
Frankfort, May 27, 1857.

TO THE PUBLIC.  
WHEELER & WILSON  
MANUFACTURING COMPANY'S  
IMPROVED SEWING MACHINES!  
We would respectfully invite the Ladies of Lexington and adjoining towns, to call at our office and examine the above named Machines, for which we are the sole agents of Kentucky, with the exception of Louisville.  
—ALSO—  
Agents for the WILLIMANTINE LINEN COMPANY'S PATENT FINISH THREAD.  
This thread is pronounced by those who have used it to be superior to any other for hand sewing. For Sewing Machines this thread is the best and only thread that can give satisfaction.  
We have also for sale a supply of Sewing Machine Twist. WHEELER & IVES, Main street, Lexington, Ky.  
Office over T. Bradley & Co.'s Hardware Store, Main street, Lexington, Ky.  
Orders for Machines will be received by Mrs. LYONS, at her Fancy Store, St. Clair street, Frankfort, Ky. Also instructions given in their use, to those who purchase.  
Seth Wheeler, Philo L. Ives, Aug. 31, 1857. [Ch. Ols. & Rep.]

PHOENIX FOUNDRY,  
TENTH ST. BETWEEN MAIN AND CANAL,  
OFFICE NORTH SIDE MAIN STREET,  
BETWEEN NINTH AND TENTH.  
WM. H. GRAINGER, Agent, Manufacturer of Steam Engines and Machinery for Saw or Grist Mills, Coal Mines, &c., &c., Cranks, Gudgeons, Rag Irons, Saw Slides, Carriage Springs, Cotton Ginn Segments, and Pincos, Car Wheels, Grate Bars, Mill Spindles, Mill Dogs and Stirrups, always on hand.  
Hotchkiss' Reaction Water Wheels  
or Grist or Saw Mills.  
A large assortment of Patterns for Mill Gearing &c. Castings made at the works of WM. H. GRAINGER, Agent, Louisville, Ky.  
April 21, 1856—ly.

H. G. BANTA,  
PAINTER & PAPER HANGER.  
To the Citizens of Frankfort and Surrounding Country:  
I AM THANKFUL to you for past favors, and hope by strict attention to business and by doing good work, to merit a continuance of the same in the following branches of my trade:  
HOUSE PAINTING;  
All kinds of Zinc, White and Enamelled Finished Painting, Wall, Ceiling and all kinds of plain House, and Roof painting done in the most durable manner. Mixed paints always for sale.  
SIGN PAINTING  
All kinds of Gilt, Fancy and Plain Signs; also, Signs neatly painted on Glass, or Transparent Cloth for Show Windows, Trunks and Umbrellas, marked at short notice.  
IMITATIONS OF WOODS & MARBLES,  
Mahogany, Maple, Walnut, Rosewood, Oak, and all kinds of Staining and Imitations of all kinds of Marble, in the best manner.  
GLAZING  
Of every description, such as Sashes for Houses, and Green Houses, bedded in Putty. All kinds of Stained and Frosted Glass furnished and Glazed in the very best style.  
PAPER HANGING.  
Every kind of Pannel, Match, Plain or Ornamental Paper Hanging; Testers and Fire Screens neatly papered.  
June 24, 1857—ly.

LOOK HERE!  
\$20,000 STOCK  
OF FRENCH, ENGLISH AND DRESDEY CHINA.  
DINING, Tea, Breakfast, and Toilet Sets; Bohemian, French, Belgian, and American Glass Ware; Iron Stone, China, and Common Earthenware; Britania Ware, Lamps, Girandoles, Wallpapers and Trays.  
IVORY & COMMON CUTLERY,  
Double Silver-plated Castors, Forks, Spoons, Baskets, Waiters, Salts, Tea Sets, &c., &c., will be sold at Eastern Cost Price.  
Answers are willing to make change in business.  
All the above mentioned goods are of the newest and latest styles and Patterns, manufactured expressly for them.  
By calling respectfully the attention of house-keepers and merchants, we are sure that we will give perfect satisfaction.  
Orders from the country punctually and correctly attended to.  
A. JAGER & CO.,  
Nos. 119 and 121, fourth street, Mozart Hall, Louisville, Ky., and No. 233, Lake Street, Chicago, Ill.  
Jan. 2, 1856—ly.

STOLEN!  
To the subscriber about one mile below Frankfort, on Monday night last,  
A BLACK MARE,  
7 or 8 years old; 15 hands high; near eye out; shoulder rubbed with the collar; works well; no other marks recollected. There was taken with her an old saddle and blind bridle. A liberal reward will be paid for information that may enable me to recover her.  
H. BLANTON.  
Nov. 11, 1857—ly.

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H. BLANTON.  
Nov. 11, 1857—ly.

GWIN & OWEN,  
Dealers in Hardware and Cutlery,  
STORE IN HANNA'S NEW BUILDING,  
MAIN STREET,  
FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY.  
Jan. 20, 1857—ly.

FRANKFORT OMNIBUS LINE.  
[Illustration of an omnibus]  
Louisville and Frankfort and Lexington and Frankfort Railroad.  
THE undersigned, Proprietor, respectfully informs the citizens of Frankfort and the traveling public, that he is running a line of Omnibuses and baggage Wagon in connection with the passenger trains and will deliver passengers and their baggage wherever they wish to go, at the following rates:  
One passenger and baggage 25 cents.  
Families, or parties of four or more persons and their baggage at 12 1/2 cents each.  
He will also attend Bells, Parties, Pic Nics, &c., when desired, upon reasonable terms.  
Having good conveyances, gentle horses, and careful drivers, he hopes to receive a liberal share of public patronage.  
Passengers upon the cars will be waited upon by his Agent, Mr. Caywood, before their arrival.  
All calls left at Railroad Depot, either of the hotels or his stable will be promptly attended to.  
JOHN HENDERSON,  
May 5, 1858—w3m. [Vocman copy.]

ICE! ICE! ICE!!! ICE!!!  
Cash! Cash!! Cash!!!  
I WILL commence delivering ICE to day, to those who pay for the luxury. Terms Cash.  
May 10, 1858—ly. GEO. A. ROBERTSON.

KEENON & CRUTCHER,  
SUCCESSORS TO  
Morris & Hampton and H. Evans & Co.,  
Main street, third door from St. Clair,  
FRANKFORT, KY.  
DEALERS IN EVERY DESCRIPTION OF  
Boots,  
Shoes,  
Hats,  
Caps, and  
Straw Goods.  
—ALSO—  
MISCELLANEOUS & SCHOOL BOOKS,  
Pen and Pocket Knives,  
Razors and Scissors,  
Port Monies,  
Hair and Cloth Brushes,  
Perfumery, &c., &c.  
The public is respectfully requested to call and examine our stock of goods.  
A discount made to teachers.  
April 23, 1858—ly.

ARCH BRIDGES AND ROOFS.  
THESE Bridges and Roofs have now been fully tested in this city, and it is universally conceded that they cannot be excelled in the world as a whole. Wrought iron, or mixture of Wood and iron, shewing always iron.  
The Bridges are wholly Wrought iron except the floor, which is wood, like the floors of ordinary Bridges. We are prepared to make these structures in any quantities, at prices about as follows:  
Railroad Bridges, 50 feet span, 2,000 lbs., \$17.50 per foot lineal.  
Common Road or Turnpike, 50 feet span, 2,000 lbs., \$5.75 per foot lineal.  
Roofs, all iron, 50 feet width of building, \$35 per 100 sq. ft. part, wood and part iron, from \$12 to \$20 per square.  
Increase of span of bridges or width of buildings makes an increase of price, but the increase in price is no more than the increase of wooden structures.  
We can furnish iron of every size to work into Bridges and Roofs, and Railroads or other companies buying the right to use them and the iron of us, can make their own structures, one third less than the above prices. Our structures weigh only from 1-1/2 to 1-3/4 tons of wood; difference in freight in a long distance buys our work. In a few days we will have at our Factory, 497 West Third street, in this city, four different specimens of our Roofs, where the public can inspect them to their satisfaction. We beg them to give us a call, as all our work is what we ask no pay on ordinary jobs until the work is done and approved, payments being secured on contracting. Office No. 66 West Third street, Cincinnati.  
MOSELEY & CO.  
June 14, 1858—w3w3m.

LOUISVILLE AGRICULTURAL  
WORKS.  
We are now Manufacturing for the  
HARVEST OF 1858,  
1000  
Kentucky Harvesters  
THE BEST  
COMBINED REAPER AND MOWER  
NOW IN USE.  
DESCRIPTIVE CIRCULARS WILL BE SENT FREE of postage on application by mail or otherwise.  
Orders and correspondence promptly attended to.  
Persons visiting the city are respectfully invited to call at our manufactory, corner ninth and Jefferson streets. MILLER, WINGATE & Co.  
March 23—w3l.  
\*Yeoman copy four times weekly and charge Commonwealth.

A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT  
OF FANCY ARTICLES,  
CAN BE OBTAINED AT  
DR. MILLS' DRUG STORE.  
POMADES FOR THE HAIR  
Of every style and price at Dr. MILLS' Drug Store.  
A beautiful assortment, at Dr. MILLS' Drug Store.  
COMBS  
every description and material, at Dr. MILLS' Drug Store.  
HAIR BRUSHES.  
The largest variety in Frankfort, at Dr. MILLS' Drug Store.  
ODONTALGIC PREPARATIONS.  
Consisting of Tooth Saps, Toothache, Tooth Powder, &c., at Dr. MILLS' Drug Store.  
DOG GRASS BRUSHES.  
For Cloth, Velvet and Bonnet purposes, at Dr. MILLS' Drug Store.  
FANCY SOAPS  
Of every price, of all shapes, colors, sizes and perfumes, at Dr. MILLS' Drug Store.  
FINE TOILET BOTTLES,  
Beautiful styles of Bohemian, at Dr. MILLS' Drug Store.  
FINE COLOGNE,  
For sale in any quantity, either in bottles, suitable for the toilet, or otherwise, at Dr. MILLS' Drug Store.  
HANDKERCHIEF EXTRACTS.  
The genuine Lubin's as well as a variety of other's make, in new styles, and at all prices, at Dr. MILLS' Drug Store.  
EVERYTHING  
In the line of Fancy and Toilet articles, that other Ladies or Gentlemen can desire, at Dr. MILLS' Drug Store.  
CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.  
A handsome selection will be opened in due time for the approaching holidays, at Dr. MILLS' Drug Store.  
Dec. 1, 1856.

NEW TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT.  
THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD INFORM THE CITIZENS of Frankfort and vicinity, that he has commenced the business of  
FASHIONABLE TAILORING,  
on Main street, in Mrs. Noth's house, opposite Messrs. Averill & Kearns' Drug Store. He respectfully requests a share of the public patronage, and will warrant all work done to give satisfaction, and his prices as moderate as those of any other Tailor in the city.  
He has formerly been in business in Versailles and roomed to his customers there.  
April 21, 1858—ly. JNO. W. VOORHIES.

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NEW T







# THE COMMONWEALTH.

FRANKFORT.

THOMAS D. GREEN, Editor.  
MONDAY, AUGUST 9, 1858.

In our last issue we stated that the election in this city on Monday was characterized by quiet and peace, and as good order as could be reasonably expected on such an occasion. We now reiterate our assertion, and it is hardly worth while for any one to make a contrary statement, as the facts entirely sustain us. A charge that the American party sought to intimidate any man or set of men from voting is as wanton and malicious as it is grossly at variance with the truth. We were at the polls during the entire morning, and saw no disturbance worth speaking of. There was no Democrat or foreigner knocked down, and no Democrat or foreigner was pushed about more than Americans, the best citizens in the town, were. We will venture to say that we, ourselves, were shoved about, and that it was as difficult for us to vote as for any Irishman to do so. In the anxiety to vote early all failed alike, and if some one poked his elbow in his neighbor's side or had his own arms tread upon, it was no more than he might have expected in any crowd. No market day ever occurs in a large city that people are not as much pushed about as they were in Frankfort during the morning. No one who endeavored to vote was prevented from so doing.

In the afternoon a trifling difficulty occurred which no one not anxious to find fault would think of mentioning. A respectable Irishman, John Haley, received a rap upon the head, which he did not seem to mind, but which was not struck in order to prevent him from voting, nor because he was an Irishman. The assailant had nothing to do with politics.

The man who struck Haley had had a private difficulty with him some time previous to the election, and sought that opportunity to attack him. We do not approve the spirit which leads men to fight out their private quarrels on such an occasion, but it is well known that better and more elevated men than John Haley have been whipped at the polls on account of private differences. But in these times if a Democrat, especially an Irishman, happens to get a blow, immediately the cry is raised that it is a political persecution. It was well known that Haley intended to vote for some American, but his vote had nothing to do with the whipping he got. We saw the terrible wound he received, and know that it was not dangerous enough to cause the most chicken-hearted school boy the slightest uneasiness. This was the substance of the violence at the polls in this precinct. If Democratic papers continue in the walks they are now pursuing, in a few years it will be imperative demanded that Americans and Whigs stand back with folded arms and hanging heads, while the Democrats, especially the Irish, vote, for fear that these august personages should have their toes tread upon or their linen rumpled. We are quite certain, and we state it without fear of contradiction even from the most malicious, that there were more votes polled in this precinct who would have voted for the American candidate for sheriff, than there were of those who would have voted for the Democratic candidate.

By a piece of legislative rascality, our Democratic Senator took 12 Democrats and 1 American from this precinct, and removed them to the Forks precinct. With this increased Democratic vote the Forks precinct gave the Democratic candidate for Sheriff the same majority that it gave for Clay. How do the Democrats account for this?

At Peak's Mill Clay's majority was 62; Dobney's majority was 38. How do our sapient friends account for that?

At Peak's Mill Clay's majority was 15; the American majority at this precinct at the late election was 6. How do our wise opponents account for this? Was there violence at all these precincts? Were foreign or Democratic voters beaten or driven from them? The only precinct at which the Democrats gained was Bald Knob, and it was there achieved by the most hellish brutality and wanton villany.

The Democrats are making their old outcry, which they have been accustomed to since themselves whenever defeat overwhelms them, that their voters have been kept from the polls. The fact that there was a quiet and a peaceful election and that no one was molested in attempting to vote does not restrain some men from rehearsing the old slander. A brief statement will show the untruthfulness of such charges. The entire legal vote of the county is 1,745. The largest vote ever cast in the county was that given in the race between Morehead and Clarke, 1,710. The next largest vote ever given in the county was in the last Presidential race, 1,677. Fillmore receiving a majority of 89 votes. But in the race last year between Clay and Hanson, only 1,551 votes were cast, and Clay got a majority of 35. In the race between McKee and Reilly there were 1,655 votes cast and McKee received a majority of 31 votes. In all these elections the Democratic vote was nearly the same, not varying more than 50 votes in any case. Now if these figures prove anything, they prove that the larger the vote cast the larger the American majority was, and the only way in which the Democrats ever gain is by keeping quiet so that the full vote of the county may not be brought out. At the last election the number of votes cast was within 99 of the entire vote of the county. Of those ninety at least 60 are Americans. We risk nothing in saying that the American majority of this county is between 60 and 100. James B. Clay never would have received a majority had it not been for the failure of the Americans to vote, and he certainly never will get one again from a similar delinquency. He can make his calculations with the expectation that old Franklin will give 50 majority against him when he becomes a candidate. There is one green spot in Kentucky and we intend to keep it so.

We regret to say a difficulty occurred at the polls of the sixth district on Monday in which a young man, well known about town as "Irish Jim," was severely stabbed. There was also a fist fight at the same place, growing out of the stabbing affray. The affray had nothing to do with politics. —Shelby News.

A scientific friend of ours has discovered the cause of the potato blight, a few years ago. He describes it as the rot-tubercle movement of the earth. —Shelby News.

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The Republicans of the North are rapidly becoming more moderate in their views, and are assuming sound national positions on the subject of slavery. For one, we have never accepted the opinions of Burlingame, Giddings, and Gerritt Smith, as indices of those of the great mass of the Republican party, but have been disposed to regard them as the expressions of passions and intemperate zeal entertained only by a minority of that party. All of the more conservative of the Northern Republicans have already rejected the pernicious dogma contained in the platform upon which Fremont was a candidate for the Presidency—"no more slave States"—and are adopting the principle once so much favored at the South, that the people of the Territories, in forming their State Constitutions, have the undoubted right to regulate their institutions to suit themselves. As a proof of this we submit an extract from the Cincinnati *Observer*, the ablest and most widely circulated Republican organ in the West. Speaking of Douglas' favorite doctrine of Popular Sovereignty, it says: "On the other hand, if 'Popular Sovereignty' is merely meaning the right of a State, on admission into the Union, to establish or reject slavery, it is what neither Douglas, nor any other man since the days of the Revolution can claim as his own peculiar measure. It is a fundamental principle of our government, which no man of this generation need attempt to appropriate."

ARGUMENT FOR A NORMAL SCHOOL.—The Democratic papers of Kentucky have published a circular which they say has been put forth by two fanatical Abolitionist fools in Cincinnati. The circular supposes for money to be expended in Abolitionizing Kentucky, and declares that one of the special means of doing this will be to ruin the Abolition school masters to this State. It says that the money is needed "to encourage school teachers of the right kind, that the rising generation may be properly trained to aid these pious youths in slave States who have slavery, and will fight against it, to qualify themselves for teachers. Such there are and they need help now—money could not be expended more wisely."

This is one of the best arguments for a Normal School which we have seen since an Abolitionist school master was driven out of Lexington. Kentucky wants Kentuckians to teach Kentucky children, and the surest way to settle at the permanency of our institution is to permit these fanatical zealots from the North, to instill their poisonous theories into the minds of youth. We would advise the Democracy to resist the intended encroachment by applying the true and lawful remedy, and to do this instead of abusing slave holders themselves.

The only answer which Democrats can make to the above arguments in favor of a Normal School is, that those Abolitionist teachers not unfrequently change their calling and become Democratic editors, proving their devotion to Southern interests by writing trades against Southern Whigs and Americans, and denouncing the land of their birth.

The Lexington *Statesman* speaks of Bridgeford as being one of the leaders of the mob which, that paper says, ruled in Frankfort on the day of the election. Bridgeford was as quiet and peaceable all day as it is possible for any man to be. He looked as mild as a sucking dove. Yet he was not more inoffensive than the American party generally were.

A respectable editor has been whipping the miserable fellow Thompson, whose correspondence interested the readers of the *Courier* a short time since. For the honor of the profession we sincerely hope that McHenry hit the fellow with a stick. It is essential that an American editor should have clean hands as well as a clean record.

THE GOVERNMENT EXPENDITURES.—Vice President Breckinridge in his recent electioneering speeches in this State attempted to defend the Administration from the charge of extravagance, and went so far as to deny that the figures which have been published concerning the appropriations were correct. The Washington *Statesman*, a Democratic paper of ability and candor, gives the aggregate appropriations for the current fiscal year at \$10,456,728, as heretofore published in this paper from the Washington correspondence of the Cincinnati *Gazette*, and adds:

"This amount embraces the appropriations for the year and the balance of those for the last fiscal year, which are at the disposal of the Government, and of course must be placed to its credit. This makes the sum of the expenditures for the existing year to amount to the total above stated. While the balance of the last year is not necessary added to the amount at the disposal of Government, it is but just to say that there is an equal, or perhaps a greater balance at the end of the current fiscal year."

Items by Telegraph.

St. Louis, Aug. 5. A dispatch from Leavenworth of the 2d inst., per the United States Express to Louisville, 11th, says: "The whole vote in this city on the proposition for the admission of Kansas as a State was 1,749, of which 1,749 were for proposition accepted, and 1,610 for proposition rejected."

This is the largest vote ever polled in this city. The election, with the exception of a slight difference in the Second Ward, passed off with the utmost propriety and without a notable incident.

At Kickapoo precinct there were 93 votes cast for the proposition, and 53 against it. General Harny returned to the Fort to day.

LEAVENWORTH, Aug. 3. At Leavenworth county gives 3 7 majority against English's ordinance; Douglas county 565 against it; Quindaro 16 for, 145 against it; Eustis, whole vote 165—4 for, 63 against it; Delaware, whole vote 165—4 for, 63 against it, 100. Majority against the ordinance in Leavenworth county, as far as heard from, 1,614. The vote in Lawrence was 1 in favor, 718 against. Franklin, 3 in favor, 75 against it.

The roads are in very bad order and returns come in slowly.

Buchanan's English Letter. A letter has come to light in the columns of the New Albany *Tribune* which Mr. English used to secure his nomination in Indiana. The letter purports to be from Mr. Buchanan, and is the grossest instance of Executive interference with the affairs of the people on record. If this disgraceful episode, used by Mr. English, is a forgery, let it be responsibly disavowed. Until this is done, its reputed author must bear the odium it cannot fail to attach to his name, among fair minded men of his own party, no less than among his political opponents. It would be a relief to be assured that it is only an English cheat, but its genuineness hardly admits of doubt. What a dignified spectacle does our President, with his promises and executive bribes, present in this little electioneering affair! He volunteers all possible "assistance" in carrying the election as well as nomination.

Washington, July 25, 1858. Hon. Wm. H. English:—Dear Sir:—The convention for nominating a Democratic candidate for Congress in your District, will convene in a few days. I can not refrain from expressing the hope that you may be the unanimous nominee of the convention. I have lived in your District and had a thousand votes you should have them all. Occupying the position you do, I consider it essential that you should succeed in obtaining the nomination. A failure in this would be regarded by me as a rebuke of my Administration. There may be some aspirants or aspirators for the position in your way. I so you may say to them that by giving you a clear track they will gain a favor and may expect to be provided for in a suitable manner. I nominated I will show as much assistance into your district as you may desire.

Our friend Douglas, I see, has a hard row to hoe. He will be liberally assisted. Of this you may rest assured.

Your friend,  
JAMES BUCHANAN.

NOT SETTLED.—The Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia *Press* says:—The Washington *Statesman* contains a complaint from one of the clerks of the Department to the effect that he and other poor fellows are taxed regularly to pay for printing of some five millions of Leeompt speeches made by men from your State, to be circulated in Illinois to defeat Judge Douglas and the regular organization of the Democratic party. His speech, which are thus disseminated from here by clerks, who are compelled to frank and address them. What claim has one man upon the consideration of his party? He is one of the most active of the conspirators against the regular organization in Illinois.

The Ohio *Democrat*, in State Convention, endorse the English bill as "a fraud." The Washington *Globe*, on the other hand, shows that if the people of Kansas reject the bill, the Union is not saved, and any other Constitution will be rejected that is not presented with a full ratio of population. How then can the English bill settle the question?

DEED. On the 2d inst., at the residence of Mr. Helm, New York, Ky., John W., son of Col. T. and Mary B. Helm, aged 1 year and 6 months, died. In Frankfort, Ky., on the morning of the 6th instant, Mary B. Helm, daughter of the late John S. Helm, and wife of T. P. Helm, died, aged 29 years and 6 months.

For the Frankfort Commonwealth.

OBITUARY. We regret to hear of the death, in Dubuque, Iowa, on the 21st of July, of ZEPHANIAH WILLIAMS, Esq., recently a citizen of this city. Mr. W. was one of that noble band of patriots who volunteered in defense of his country in the year of 1812, and endured all of the hardships of that memorable campaign on the Canadian frontier. He was a member of the Lexington Light Infantry, commanded by Capt. Harwood, was taken prisoner at the battle of the River Raisin. Mr. Williams was a good man and was highly esteemed by all who knew him, both as a man and a Christian. He was for a number of years a Ruling Elder in the Methodist church in Lexington, Ky., and after his removal to Frankfort, he was elected Elder in the Presbyterian church in this city, which office he filled until about two years since, at which time he removed to Dubuque, where he was again elected to the office of Elder, and was a member of the General Assembly, which met in Lexington, in May, 1857. He died as he had lived a true and devoted Christian.

Dr. John W. Craig died at his residence, in Versailles, on Wednesday morning, 16th June last, aged about 32 years. The death of this interesting and accomplished gentleman, who was a victim of sorrow and anguish through the heart of the entire country, in all the relations he sustained to the country, whether professional or social, the greatest satisfaction and good feeling existed. He was cherished for his professional ability and courtesy, admired for the many traits of his character, and loved for his warm, confiding and unselfish heart.

Dr. Craig was an honorable graduate of the Medical School at Louisville. In seeking a place where he could pursue his profession, his heart drew him to Woodford, his high place, and to those who had known him and his father before him. His success here was equal to his most sanguine anticipations, and at the time of his death he held a most distinguished place in the estimation of his Medical brethren, and in the confidence of the community. But let us not be surprised because he was eminently successful in his profession, that he was a favored child of fortune. Exactly the reverse is the truth.

Dr. Craig prosecuted his studies under great discouragements, and acquired his profession, at last only by his indefatigable perseverance and high resolve. Success did not come at once. His experience of some twenty years of his professional career, were similar to those of other young professional men. They were years of trial and struggle, when many patting opinions and good wishes that others were gained. (Indeed he at last died rich in love, confidence and reputation, though worldly poor.) He met those days of trial and struggle with a steady, brave heart, and conquered in good time, and his success was the legitimate result of the large investment of talent, energy and enthusiasm which he made in his profession.

One consolation was granted him in the few years of his professional life. He was chosen and encouraged by the smiles and affection of "The being hereafter," who into his youth was given.

More than all things else to have him "who chose him in poverty and obscurity, who clung to him with all a woman's tenderness and devotion through every trial, lifted up his heart when he sank down weary and faint, and who at last found her richest reward in seeing her husband respected, beloved and appreciated."

His delicate constitution, impaired by the severe professional labors he had recently undergone, offered but a feeble resistance to the disease that fastened itself on his lungs, and which, after a short struggle, consigned his young and manly form to the grave.

We shall not soon again make another friend like to him we've lost. We cannot but mourn, deeply mourn, the loss of one in whom we all felt so much just pride, whose heart was so warm and faithful, whose character was so fragrant of nobility, generosity and sincerity, and whose name had gathered so much of respect and hope. He has been taken in early manhood, and when the future was all bright and glowing to his hopes. No stain rests on his character and every recollection of him is pleasant and peaceful.

THE RECENT ELECTION IN LEXINGTON.—Although the result of last Monday's work in Louisville was not what it should have been, we are glad to see that the American party in Lexington did their duty most nobly. The following is from the Lexington *Observer & Reporter* of Wednesday:

The Americans nobly responded to the call of duty on Monday last, and the result is the most splendid victory ever achieved in the city. The Democrats had boasted for weeks that they would elect their entire ticket, while the re-election of Judge Thomas, as City Judge, by an immense majority was claimed by them as a foregone conclusion.

It was even boastfully said that the election would be decided before breakfast, and that the remainder of the day would be devoted to the utter annihilation of our candidate. The prediction that the election would be thus early decided was true, but it was altogether the wrong way for the Democratic candidates. But, although thus early decided, the gallant and true-hearted Americans never flinched in their duty, but kept steadily at work the whole day, and at the close of the polls our candidate for City Judge was proclaimed the victor by the handsome majority of 51 votes!

And all the circumstances this is the greatest triumph ever achieved by our glorious party. They had to contend against a gentleman, an adroit strength and popular city—a strength that had been tested on two previous occasions against two of the most accomplished and intelligent gentlemen of the bar, on each of which occasions the same gentleman, who was now a candidate for re-election, succeeded by heavy majorities. His success in these contests gave him a prestige of strength in this election which he otherwise could not have possessed, and the universal opinion in his party—and opinion that was thought to be well founded—was that he would be elected, and that the Democrats would be "working men" of the American party, and they went to work to win the race, and with it they did!

The result of the election on Monday shows that the American party in the city of Lexington can never be defeated when they determine not to be, and they will have little trouble in settling all political matters. Any Democrat who thinks he can succeed in this city hereafter will find that "Jordan is a hard road to travel," and no mistake!

## STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

Charter Oak Life Insurance Company, OF HARTFORD, CONN., To the Auditor of the State of Kentucky, July 24, 1858.

RANK AND LOCATION. CHARTER OAK LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, OF HARTFORD, CONN. The Company is located at said Hartford, in the State of Connecticut.

CAPITAL. 1st. The amount of the capital stock is Two Hundred and Fifty Thousand Dollars. 2nd. The amount of the capital paid up is One Hundred and Fifty Thousand Dollars.

ASSETS. 1. Cash on hand and in the hands of agents, \$18,948 66. 2. Real Estate, \$150 00. 3. Bonds owned by the Company, \$150 00. 4. Debts due the Company secured by mortgages on Real Estate, \$13,750 00. 5. Debts otherwise secured as per Voucher, \$2,500 00. 6. Loans on collateral secured by stocks, and endorsements, &c., \$2,500 00. 7. Loans to mutual members on policies and interest, \$29,700 00. 8. All other securities are—\$1,170 00. 9. Shares of Bank Stocks per Voucher, \$110,347 50. 10. Bills Receivable on demand bearing interest, \$20,000 00. 11. Accrued interest, \$9,594 36. Total assets of the Company, \$49,253 47.

LIABILITIES. 1. The amount of liabilities due or on account to banks or other creditors—none. 2. Losses adjusted and due—none. 3. Losses unadjusted and not due, \$11,000 00. 4. Losses—unadjusted—\$11,000 00. 5. Losses—adjusted—\$11,000 00. 6. All other claims against the Company—none. Total liabilities, \$21,000 00.

MISCELLANEOUS. 1. The aggregate amount insured on any one risk is \$10,000. 2. The Company has no rule regulating the amount to be insured on any one city, town or village. 3. No part of its capital or earnings are deposited with any State or States as security for losses thereon. 4. A printed copy of the act of incorporation of such Company.

STATE OF CONNECTICUT. County of Hartford, July 15, 1858. ss. James C. Wadley, President, and Samuel White, Secretary of the Charter Oak Life Insurance Company, do hereby certify that the above is a true and correct statement of the assets and liabilities of said Company, as required by the act of incorporation of said Company, and that the foregoing is a true and correct statement of the assets and liabilities of said Company, as required by the act of incorporation of said Company, and that the foregoing is a true and correct statement of the assets and liabilities of said Company, as required by the act of incorporation of said Company.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE. THE HOUSE and lot of ground belonging to Mrs. ELL SMITH, in South Frankfort, is for sale. It can be purchased very low, and possession will be given immediately. For terms, see notice. Aug. 6—Shelby.

PROCLAMATION BY THE GOVERNOR. \$500 REWARD. COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY. Executive Department. WHEREAS it has been made known to me that WILLIAM HENRY HAY, ARCHIBALD HENRY HAY, JAMES HAY, and JOHN HAY, did kill and murder A. S. M. R. A. JONES, and JAMES H. JONES, and have since fled from justice.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 28th day of July, 1858.

STATE OF CONNECTICUT. County of Hartford, July 15, 1858. ss. 1. Chancery Howard, Clerk of the Superior Court, do hereby certify that the above is a true and correct statement of the assets and liabilities of said Company, as required by the act of incorporation of said Company, and that the foregoing is a true and correct statement of the assets and liabilities of said Company, as required by the act of incorporation of said Company.

ADJUTOR'S OFFICE. FRANKFORT, July 1, 1858. I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 28th inst., and in reply to inform you that the same has been forwarded to the proper authorities for their consideration.

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## SPECIAL NOTICES.

NEW FIRM.

PAGE, GAINES & PAGE.

HAVING associated ourselves together for the purpose of doing a general business in the way of Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Queens ware and Agricultural Implements, will hereafter keep a large stock of the above articles always on hand.

The Dry Goods and Queensware for the present will be kept at the old stand of T. S. & J. R. Page, under the supervision of J. R. Page, where will always be found a large and fashionable assortment of Fancy and Staple Goods of the latest styles and lowest prices. The Grocery establishment, combined with all kinds of Agricultural Implements, Hardware and Woodware, will be kept at the old stand of W. A. Gaines, and under his supervision. We will keep but one set of Books, so that persons dealing with us can have their Grocery and Dry Goods bill combined. Terms cash, or to prompt customers six months.

THOS. S. PAGE, W. A. GAINES, JAS. R. PAGE.

A GOLD PENCIL FOUND.—A gold pencil was found in the Court House yard on Monday, which the owner can get by proving property and paying for this advertisement.

August 3d, 1858.

## LIBERIA.

AS I FOUND IT, IN 1858, By Rev. A. M. COWAN, Agent Ky. Colonization Society.

184 pages, Royal Octavo. U.S. published and sold at this office. Price 75 cents. We will send a copy, postage paid, to any one sending a dollar amount in money or postage stamps June 1st, 1858—tf.

Libertin. All free persons of color in Kentucky intend ing to go to Liberia in the Colonization ship, that is to have Baltimore for Liberia on November 1st, 1858, address Rev. A. M. Cowan, agent of the Kentucky State Colonization Society, Frank fort, Ky. Papers published in Kentucky please notice.

J. L. Moore & Son. Are now opening their large, very handsome and well selected STOCK OF SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS, comprising all of the "LATEST STYLES," at lowest rates for CASH, or old customers on TIME. They solicit an early examination. [March 24, 1858—tf.]

## Special Notice.—To the Public.

We hereby notify our friends and patrons that on and after the 1st of January, 1858, we will consider all accounts due semi annually, viz: 1st of January and 1st of July; and on all accounts not promptly paid at that time, interest will be charged until paid. Thankful for the liberal patronage of our friends and the public, we solicit a continuation of the same, knowing that under our new arrangements that we can and will make it to their interest to patronize us.

We will continue to keep a good assortment of goods for gentlemen's wear.

GILLISPIE & HEFFNER.

Jan. 11, 1858—tf.

## SPRING MILLINERY.

Mrs. MARGARET HERRENSMITH has received by Adams Express a fine assortment of SPRING MILLINERY, which she will sell at the lowest market price. [Mar. 10—tf.]

Nurse Wanted. A liberal cash price will be paid for a good nurse. R. W. BLACKBURN.

June 30, 1858—tf.

## Lost.

ON yesterday a ladies Florentine Maske Breast Pin, with a bunch of white ribbons on it. The finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving it at this office. Aug. 3, 1858—f.

## House and Lot for Sale.

THE HOUSE and lot of ground belonging to Mrs. ELL SMITH, in South Frankfort, is for sale. It can be purchased very low, and possession will be given immediately. For terms, see notice. Aug. 6—Shelby.

## Proclamation by the Governor.

\$500 REWARD. COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY. Executive Department. WHEREAS it has been made known to me that WILLIAM HENRY HAY, ARCHIBALD HENRY HAY, JAMES HAY, and JOHN HAY, did kill and murder A. S. M. R. A. JONES, and JAMES H. JONES, and have since fled from justice.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 28th day of July, 1858.

STATE OF CONNECTICUT. County of Hartford, July 15, 1858. ss. 1. Chancery Howard, Clerk of the Superior Court, do hereby certify that the above is a true and correct statement of the assets and liabilities of said Company, as required by the act of incorporation of said Company, and that the foregoing is a true and correct statement of the assets and liabilities of said Company, as required by the act of incorporation of said Company.

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## STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

ETNA INSURANCE COMPANY.

ON THE 1st JULY, 1858.

As required by the laws of the State of Kentucky.

The name of the Corporation is ETNA INSURANCE COMPANY, located in the City of Hartford, Conn. The Capital Stock is ONE MILLION DOLLARS, and is paid up.

The Assets of the Company are:

Cash on hand and in Phoenix Bank \$40,122 59



GEO. A. ROBERTSON,  
DEALER IN  
Confectioneries & Groceries,  
CORNER ST. CLAIR AND BROADWAY STREETS,  
FRANKFORT, KY.

HAS ALWAYS ON HAND THE CHOICEST ARTI-  
cles in his line, which he will sell at the lowest  
market prices.

#### Tobacco and Cigars.

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT ALWAYS TO BE  
found at  
GEO. A. ROBERTSON'S.

WHISKY—  
OLD BOHEMIAN WHISKY by the gallon or bottle,  
for sale by  
GEO. A. ROBERTSON.

IRISH WHISKY—  
Old Irish Whisky, the very best in the State at  
GEO. A. ROBERTSON'S.

#### For the Toilet.

COLOGNES, EXTRACTS, PERFUMERY, POM-  
ades, Soaps, Brushes, Combs, &c., at  
GEO. A. ROBERTSON'S.

WINE—  
The best quality of MADEIRA, SHERRY, PORT,  
ST. JULIAN, CHAMPAGNE, and MALAGA WINES,  
cheaper than at any other establishment in the city.  
April 22, 1858. GEO. A. ROBERTSON.

FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL  
TREES, VINES, SHRUBS, &c.,  
CULTIVATED AND FOR SALE

Ed. D. Hobbs & J. W. Walker,  
AT THE EVERGREEN NURSERY  
Twelve miles East of Louisville, Ky., immediately on the  
Louisville and Frankfort Railroad.

Next printed Catalogue of  
the Fruit, Ornamental Trees,  
Vines, Shrubs, &c., at the above  
named Nursery, may be had by  
application to A. B. HOBBS,  
Frankfort, Ky.

Orders may be addressed to HOBBS & WALKER,  
Williamson Post Office, Ky., or to  
A. B. HOBBS, Frankfort, Ky.

Frankfort, Oct. 17, 1854

#### METROPOLITAN HALL.

THIS BUILDING RECENTLY ERECTED ON ST.  
CLAIR STREET, is now for rent. It was built for the  
purpose of affording a suitable place for Public Lectures,  
or the exhibition of Paintings and Statuary, or Pan-  
oramas, for Vocal and Instrumental Concerts, for The-  
atrical Exhibitions, and also to be used as a Town Hall.  
It will be found to be well adapted for all such pur-  
poses. It is centrally in its location, convenient of ac-  
cess, completely furnished with gas fixtures, seats well  
arranged, and the rooms abundantly supplied with water,  
and the entire house well ventilated.

Persons wishing to rent the same will apply to W. R.  
Franklin at the Circuit Court Clerk's Office, who is the  
duly appointed agent of the proprietor.

Feb. 24, 1858—3m. O. BROWN, Proprietor.

#### Proclamation by the Governor.

\$300 REWARD.

WHEREAS, it has been made known to me that  
THO. ROBERTSON, did, on the 2nd day of April, 1857, in  
the county of Pendleton, kill and murder James Blackburn,  
and has since fled from justice.

Now, therefore, I, C. S. MOREHEAD, Governor of  
said Commonwealth, by virtue of the authority vested  
in me by law, do hereby offer a reward of Three Hun-  
dred Dollars for the apprehension of said Robert-  
son, and his delivery to the Jailor of Pendleton county with-  
in one year from the date hereof.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have  
hereunto set my hand, and caused the seal of  
the Commonwealth to be hereunto affixed.

At Frankfort, this 23rd day of June, A. D. 1858,  
and in the 67th year of the Common-  
wealth.

By the Governor: C. S. MOREHEAD,  
Governor of the State.

By T. P. A. Brea, Assistant Secretary.

#### DESCRIPTION.

Said Robert-son is about 35 years old; about 5 feet 11 in-  
ches high; slender make; weighs about 150 pounds;  
wavy sandy hair; one or two small scars about his face,  
probably in his chin and cheeks; a farmer by occupation;  
is a married man, and it is believed his wife is now with  
him.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have  
hereunto set my hand, and caused the seal of  
the Commonwealth to be hereunto affixed.

At Frankfort, this 23rd day of May, A. D. 1857,  
and in the sixty-sixth year of the Common-  
wealth.

By the Governor: JOHN Q. A. KING,  
Governor of the State.

By Mason Brown, Secretary of State.

#### Proclamation by the Governor.

\$200 REWARD.

WHEREAS, it has been made known to me that  
JACKSON TRAILOR, did, kill and murder  
HARRIS ADAMS, in the county of Rowan, and has since  
fled from justice.

Now, therefore, I, CHARLES S. MOREHEAD, Gov-  
ernor of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, do hereby  
offer a reward of Five Hundred Dollars for the ap-  
prehension of said Trailor, and his delivery to the Jailor of  
Rowan county, within one year from the date hereof.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have  
hereunto set my hand, and caused the seal of  
the Commonwealth to be hereunto affixed.

At Frankfort, this 23rd day of Jan., A. D. 1858,  
and in the 69th year of the Common-  
wealth.

By the Governor: C. S. MOREHEAD,  
Governor of the State.

By Mason Brown, Secretary of State.

#### DESCRIPTION.

Said Trailor is about 35 years old; about 5 feet 9 in-  
ches high; heavy set; black hair, heavy, curled; dark  
eyes and eyes brows, black and heavy; with rather  
dark countenance; and looks out at you through the eyes  
brown; very fleshy and black and heavy; looks soft; rather  
faced, and whiskers on the jaw; rather sandy and small-  
poxed; weight about 165 pounds; and his hair rather tall  
appearance, his clothing is neat, blue pants,  
brown shoes on his feet.

Louisville and Frankfort and Lexington  
and Frankfort Railroad.

On and after Monday, May 17, 1858, trains will leave  
Frankfort as follows:

At 9:30 A. M. and 5:25 P. M., for Midway, George-  
town, and Lexington, connecting with stages and Rail  
roads for all interior towns.

At 7:00 A. M. and 3:00 P. M., for Louisville, and all  
Southern and Western points.

For further information call at the depot, Frankfort.

SAMUEL GILL, Superintendent.

J. T. Frost, Ticket Agent.

May 17, 1858—4f.

#### THE KENTUCKY MILITARY INSTITUTE.

DIRECTED by a Board of  
Visitors appointed by the  
State, under the superin-  
tendence of Col. E. W.

MORRIS, a distinguished  
graduate of West Point, and  
a practical Engineer, aided  
by an able Faculty.

The course of study is the  
taught in the best Colleges,  
with the addition of a more  
extended course in Mathe-  
matics, Mechanics, Practical

Engineering and Mining Geology; also in English Liter-  
ature, History, Rhetoric, and in the keeping of Business  
Forms, and in Modern Languages.

The twenty-third semi-annual session opens on  
the second Monday in September (1858). Charges, \$102 per  
half-yearly session, payable in advance.

Address the Superintendent, at "Military Institute,"  
Frankfort county, Ky., or the President.

July 5, 1858—by  
President of the Board.

#### CATALOGUE OF THE UNIVERSAL MASONIC LIBRARY.

THESE thirty volumes now stereotyped, embrace the fol-  
lowing works, all of an approved and standard char-  
acter:

Volume First—Directory of Symbolical Masonry, in-  
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pages. The Book of the Lodge, or Officers Manual; by  
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Volume Ninth—Constitution Grand Lodge, England; 92  
pages. Constitution Grand Lodge, Ireland; 91 pages.  
Constitution Grand Lodge, Scotland; 117 pages.

Volume Tenth—Theosophical Philosophy of Masonry, by  
Voltaire; 200 pages. Signs and Symbols of Masonry;  
by the same; 184 pages.

Volume Eleventh and Twelfth—The Historical Lan-  
guage of Masonry, by Oliver; Two volumes, 426 and  
450 pages.

Volume Thirteenth—Sundry Leaves from a Freemason's  
Note Book, Anonymous; 165 pages. Order of the  
Order, Translated from the French; by H. W.  
Thorp; 41 pages. The Masonic Schism, by Oliver;  
40 pages. Insights of the Royal Arch, by the same;  
35 pages. The Secret Meditations, Anonymous;  
35 pages.

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sonry, by Rob. Morris; 300 pages.

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pages. History of Freemasonry, up to 1829, by  
Oliver; 100 pages. The Secret Meditations, Anonymous;  
35 pages.

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Perry; 316 pages.

Volume Seventeenth—Principles of Masonic Law, A. G.  
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by Oliver; likewise, Masonic Institutions, by the same;  
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